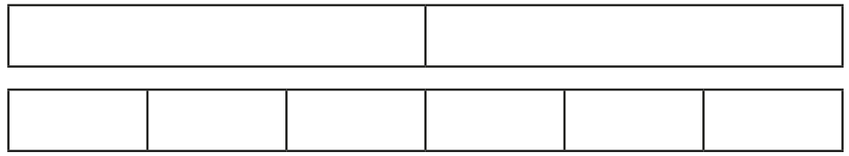
Add fractions within 1

1 Complete the additions.

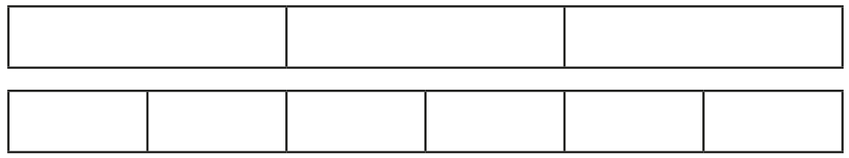
Use the bar models to help you.

a)



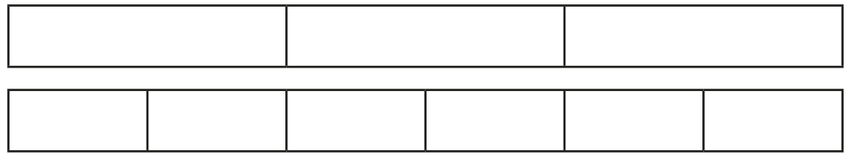
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} = \square$

b)



$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \square$

c)

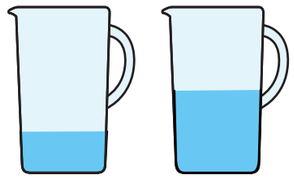


$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \square$

2 Match the additions that have the same answer.

$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{10}{12} + \frac{1}{12}$
$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{6}{12} + \frac{1}{12}$
$\frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{9}{12} + \frac{1}{12}$
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{8}{12} + \frac{1}{12}$

3 Here are two jugs.



One jug contains $\frac{5}{18}$ litres of water.

The other jug contains $\frac{4}{9}$ litres of water.

How many litres of water are there altogether?

There are $\square$ litres of water altogether.

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4 **a)** Complete the calculations.

$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{10} = \square$

$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{10} = \square$

$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{10} = \square$

$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{1}{10} = \square$

$\frac{1}{16} + \frac{5}{32} = \square$

$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{5}{32} = \square$

$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{32} = \square$

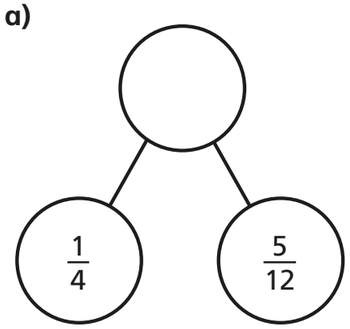
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{32} = \square$

b) Can you spot any patterns? Talk to a partner about it.

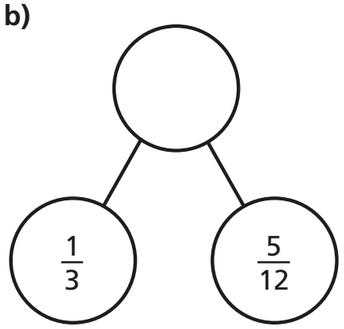
c) What calculation would come next in each set?

5 Complete the part-whole models.

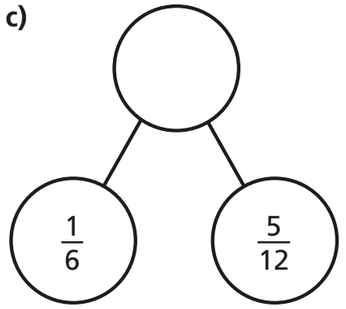
a)



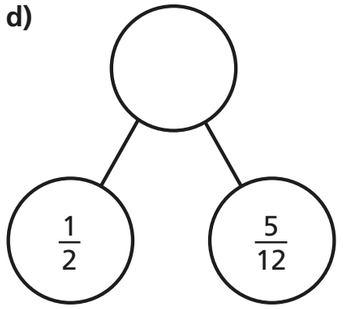
b)



c)



d)



6 $\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$

What could the missing numerators be?

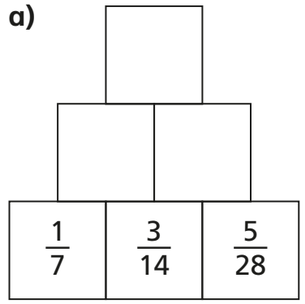
Give six different possibilities.

$\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$ $\quad$ $\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$ $\quad$ $\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$

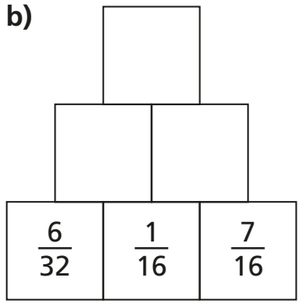
$\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$ $\quad$ $\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$ $\quad$ $\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$

7 Complete the addition pyramids.

a)



b)



c) What fraction is equivalent to both of the fractions at the top of the pyramids?

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Add fractions within 1

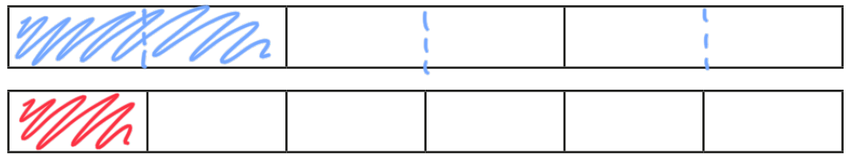
1 Complete the additions.

Use the bar models to help you.

a)

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} = \boxed{\frac{3}{6}}$

b)



$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$

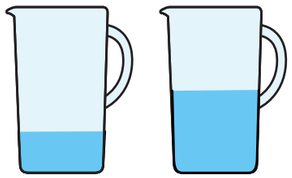
c)

$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \boxed{\frac{5}{6}}$

2 Match the additions that have the same answer.

$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{10}{12} + \frac{1}{12}$
$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{6}{12} + \frac{1}{12}$
$\frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{9}{12} + \frac{1}{12}$
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{8}{12} + \frac{1}{12}$

3 Here are two jugs.



One jug contains $\frac{5}{18}$ litres of water.

The other jug contains $\frac{4}{9}$ litres of water.

How many litres of water are there altogether?

There are $\boxed{\frac{13}{18}}$ litres of water altogether.

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4 **a)** Complete the calculations.

$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{3}{10}$	$\frac{1}{16} + \frac{5}{32} = \frac{7}{32}$
$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{5}{10}$ ($\frac{1}{2}$)	$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{5}{32} = \frac{9}{32}$
$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{7}{10}$	$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{32} = \frac{13}{32}$
$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{9}{10}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{32} = \frac{21}{32}$

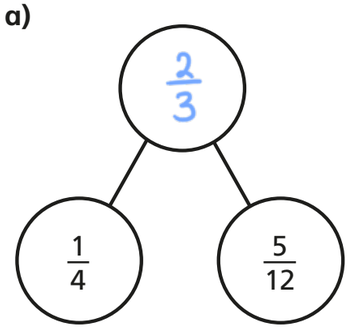
b) Can you spot any patterns? Talk to a partner about it.

c) What calculation would come next in each set?

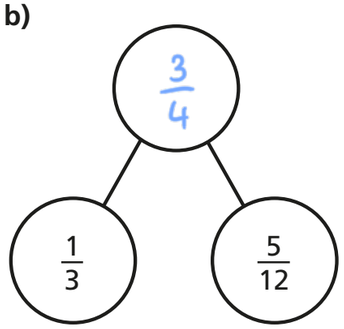
$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{11}{10} = 1\frac{1}{10}$ $\quad\quad$ $\frac{1}{1} + \frac{5}{32} = 1\frac{5}{32}$

5 Complete the part-whole models.

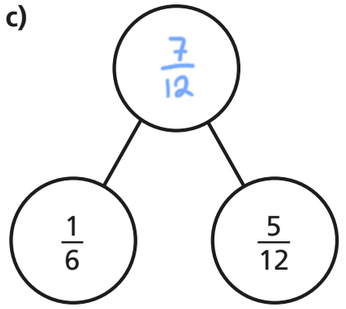
a)



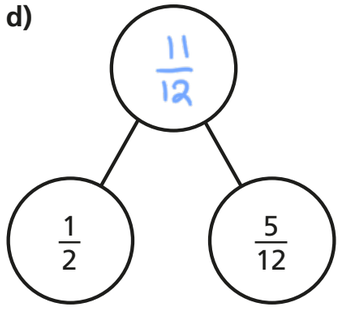
b)



c)



d)



6 $\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$

What could the missing numerators be?

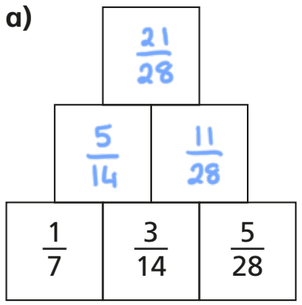
Give six different possibilities.

$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{12}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$ $\quad$ $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{8}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$ $\quad$ $\frac{5}{8} + \frac{4}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$

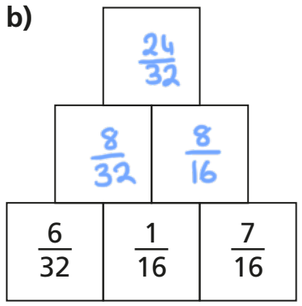
$\frac{2}{8} + \frac{10}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$ $\quad$ $\frac{4}{8} + \frac{6}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$ $\quad$ $\frac{6}{8} + \frac{2}{16} = \frac{7}{8}$

7 Complete the addition pyramids.

a)



b)



c) What fraction is equivalent to both of the fractions at the top of the pyramids?

$\frac{3}{4}$

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Add 3 or more fractions

1 Complete the additions.

Use the bar models to help you.

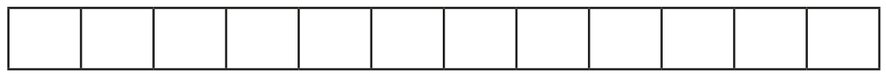
a)

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{12} = \square$

b)

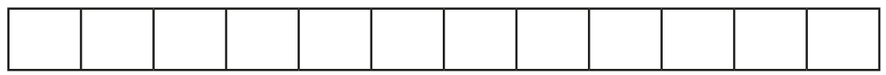
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{12} = \square$

c)



$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} = \square$

d)



$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} = \square$

2 Complete the additions.

a) $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{20} = \square$

b) $\frac{1}{16} + \frac{5}{32} + \frac{3}{8} = \square$

c) $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{24} + \frac{5}{12} = \square$

d) $\frac{3}{16} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \square$

e) $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{18} + \frac{1}{9} = \square$

f) $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{8}{35} + \frac{2}{7} = \square$

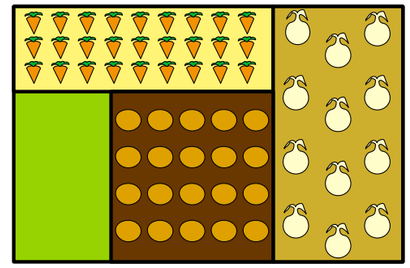
Explain how common multiples help when adding the fractions.

3 Rosie has a vegetable patch.

$\frac{2}{9}$ of the patch contains carrots.

$\frac{5}{18}$ of the patch contains potatoes.

$\frac{1}{3}$ of the patch contains onions.



What fraction of the patch contains carrots, potatoes or onions?

$\square$ of the patch contains carrots, potatoes or onions.

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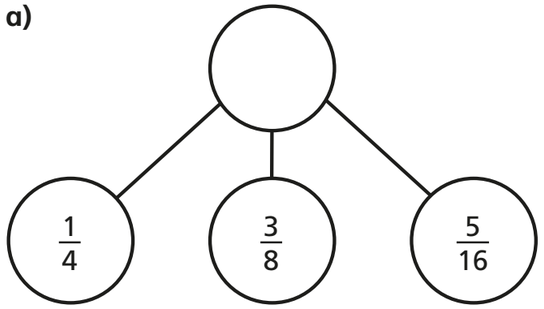
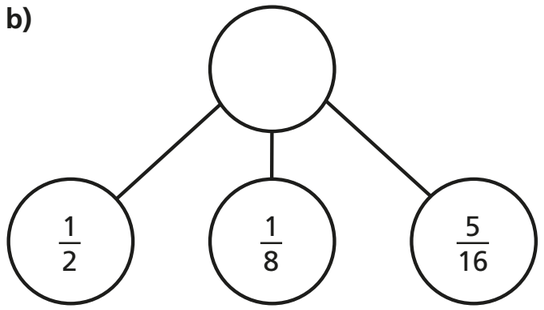
4 Complete the part-whole models.

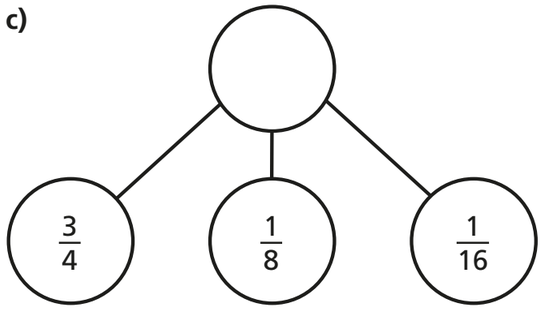
a)



b)



c)



d) Which one of the part-whole models is the odd one out?

Is there more than one answer?

Explain how you know.

5 Fill in the missing numerators.

a) $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{\square}{16} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$

b) $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{\square}{16} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

c) $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{\square}{16} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$

d) $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{\square}{16} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$

e) $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{\square}{16} = \frac{3}{4}$

f) $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{\square}{16} = \frac{3}{4}$

6 Complete the number square.

The total of each column is $\frac{4}{5}$

The total of each row is $\frac{4}{5}$

$\frac{3}{10}$	$\frac{2}{5}$	
	$\frac{1}{10}$	
$\frac{7}{20}$		

Create your own problem like this for a partner.

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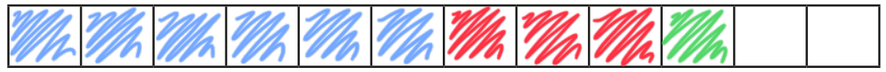
Add 3 or more fractions

1 Complete the additions.

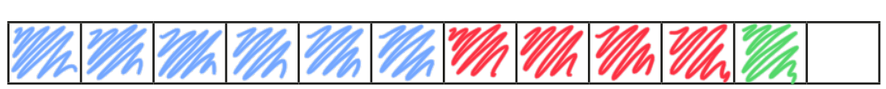
Use the bar models to help you.

a)



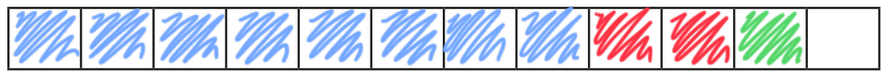
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{12} = \boxed{\frac{5}{6}}$

b)



$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{12} = \boxed{\frac{11}{12}}$

c)



$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} = \boxed{\frac{11}{12}}$

d)

$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} = \boxed{\frac{3}{4}}$

2 Complete the additions.

a) $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{20} = \boxed{\frac{17}{20}}$

b) $\frac{1}{16} + \frac{5}{32} + \frac{3}{8} = \boxed{\frac{19}{32}}$

c) $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{24} + \frac{5}{12} = \boxed{\frac{7}{8}}$

d) $\frac{3}{16} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \boxed{\frac{15}{16}}$

e) $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{18} + \frac{1}{9} = \boxed{\frac{8}{9}}$

f) $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{8}{35} + \frac{2}{7} = \boxed{\frac{5}{7}}$

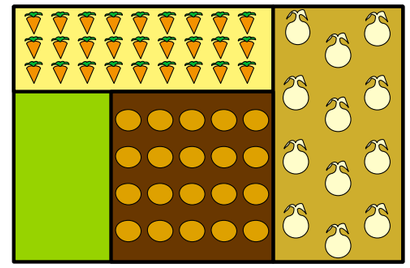
Explain how common multiples help when adding the fractions.

3 Rosie has a vegetable patch.

$\frac{2}{9}$ of the patch contains carrots.

$\frac{5}{18}$ of the patch contains potatoes.

$\frac{1}{3}$ of the patch contains onions.



What fraction of the patch contains carrots, potatoes or onions?

$\boxed{\frac{5}{6}}$ of the patch contains carrots, potatoes or onions.

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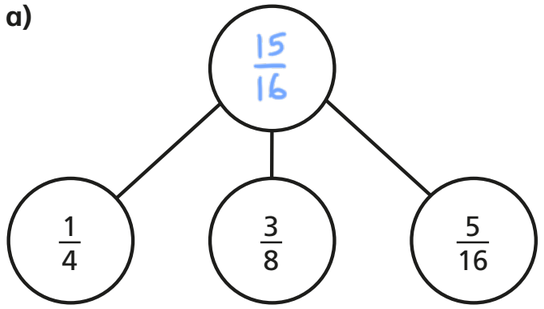
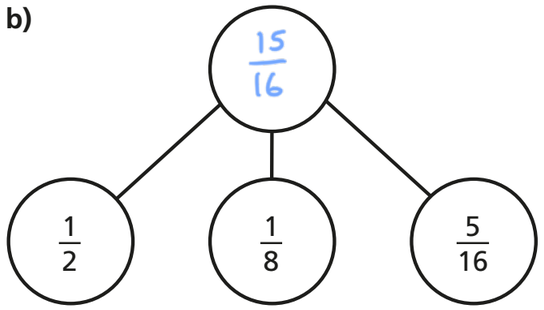
4 Complete the part-whole models.

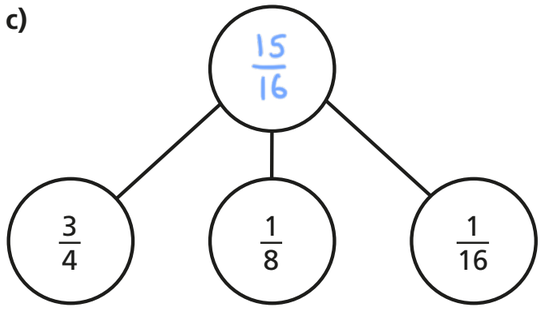
a)



b)



c)



d) Which one of the part-whole models is the odd one out?

Is there more than one answer?

Explain how you know.

Various answers.

5 Fill in the missing numerators.

a) $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{2}{16} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$

b) $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{6}{16} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

c) $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{16} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$

d) $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{6}{16} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$

e) $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{9}{16} = \frac{3}{4}$

f) $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{7}{16} = \frac{3}{4}$

6 Complete the number square.

The total of each column is $\frac{4}{5}$

The total of each row is $\frac{4}{5}$

$\frac{3}{10}$	$\frac{2}{5}$	$\frac{1}{10}$
$\frac{3}{20}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{11}{20}$
$\frac{7}{20}$	$\frac{3}{10}$	$\frac{3}{20}$

Create your own problem like this for a partner.

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Add fractions

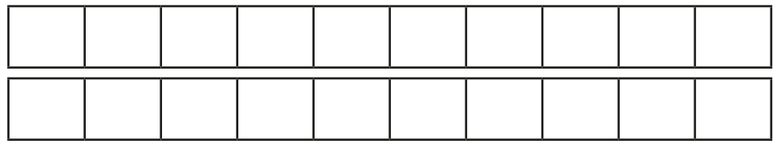
1 Complete the calculations.

Use the bar models to help you.

a)

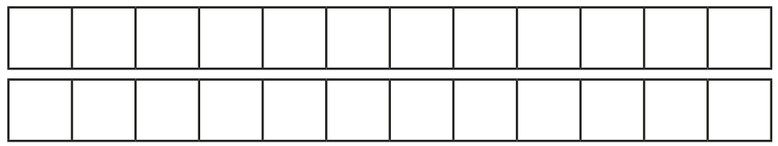
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{7}{10} = \square = \square$

b)



$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{1}{5} = \square = \square$

c)



$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{12} = \square = \square$

2 Complete the additions.

a) $\frac{4}{5} + \frac{7}{20} = \square = \square$

b) $\frac{5}{4} + \frac{7}{20} = \square = \square$

c) $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{12} = \square = \square$

d) $\frac{4}{3} + \frac{5}{12} = \square = \square$

e) $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{11}{15} = \square = \square$

f) $\frac{5}{3} + \frac{11}{15} = \square = \square$

3 Match the additions that have the same answer.

$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{9}{20}$	$\frac{16}{20} + \frac{9}{20}$
$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{9}{20}$	$\frac{12}{20} + \frac{9}{20}$
$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{9}{20}$	$\frac{14}{20} + \frac{9}{20}$
$\frac{7}{10} + \frac{9}{20}$	$\frac{15}{20} + \frac{9}{20}$

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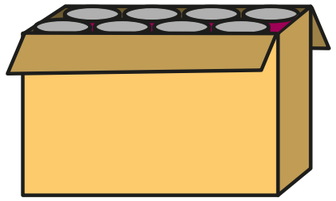
4 Dexter has some tins of food. There are four types of food: beans, sweetcorn, soup and tomatoes.



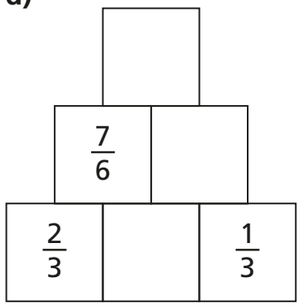
- The total weight of all the tins is 2 kg.
- The tins of beans weigh $\frac{2}{3}$ kg.
- The tins of sweetcorn weigh $\frac{5}{12}$ kg.
- The tins of soup weigh $\frac{1}{4}$ kg.

a) Work out the total weight of the tins of beans, sweetcorn and soup.

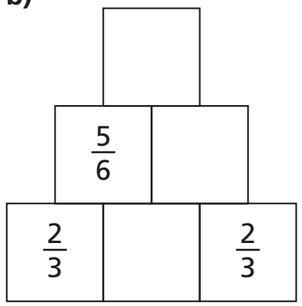
b) How much do the tins of tomatoes weigh?

5 Complete the addition pyramids.

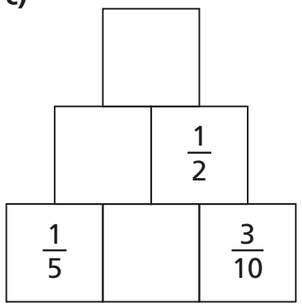
a)



b)



c)



6 What could the three missing numerators be?

$$\frac{\square}{4} + \frac{\square}{12} + \frac{\square}{3} = \frac{13}{12}$$

Give three different possibilities.

$$\frac{\square}{4} + \frac{\square}{12} + \frac{\square}{3} = \frac{13}{12}$$

$$\frac{\square}{4} + \frac{\square}{12} + \frac{\square}{3} = \frac{13}{12}$$

$$\frac{\square}{4} + \frac{\square}{12} + \frac{\square}{3} = \frac{13}{12}$$

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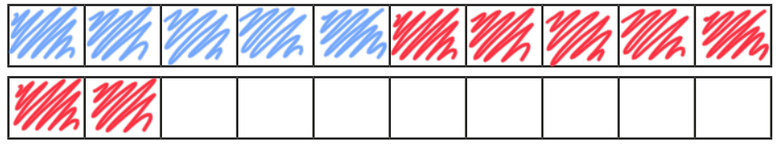
Add fractions

1 Complete the calculations.

Use the bar models to help you.

a)

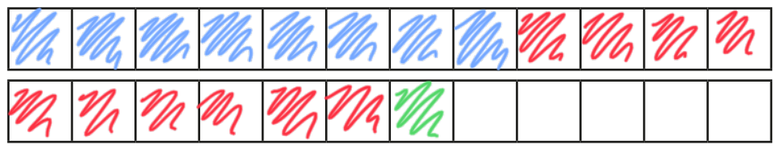


$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{7}{10} = \boxed{\frac{12}{10}} = \boxed{1\frac{1}{5}}$

b)

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{1}{5} = \boxed{\frac{10}{10}} = \boxed{1}$

c)



$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{12} = \boxed{\frac{19}{12}} = \boxed{1\frac{7}{12}}$

2 Complete the additions.

a) $\frac{4}{5} + \frac{7}{20} = \boxed{\frac{23}{20}} = \boxed{1\frac{3}{20}}$

b) $\frac{5}{4} + \frac{7}{20} = \boxed{\frac{32}{20}} = \boxed{1\frac{3}{5}}$

c) $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{12} = \boxed{\frac{14}{12}} = \boxed{1\frac{1}{6}}$

d) $\frac{4}{3} + \frac{5}{12} = \boxed{\frac{21}{12}} = \boxed{1\frac{3}{4}}$

e) $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{11}{15} = \boxed{\frac{20}{15}} = \boxed{1\frac{1}{3}}$

f) $\frac{5}{3} + \frac{11}{15} = \boxed{\frac{36}{15}} = \boxed{2\frac{2}{5}}$

3 Match the additions that have the same answer.

$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{9}{20}$	$\frac{16}{20} + \frac{9}{20}$
$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{9}{20}$	$\frac{12}{20} + \frac{9}{20}$
$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{9}{20}$	$\frac{14}{20} + \frac{9}{20}$
$\frac{7}{10} + \frac{9}{20}$	$\frac{15}{20} + \frac{9}{20}$

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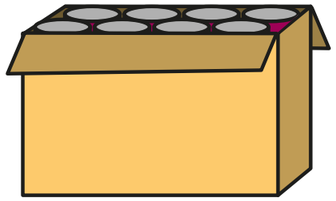
4 Dexter has some tins of food. There are four types of food: beans, sweetcorn, soup and tomatoes.



- The total weight of all the tins is 2 kg.
- The tins of beans weigh $\frac{2}{3}$ kg.
- The tins of sweetcorn weigh $\frac{5}{12}$ kg.
- The tins of soup weigh $\frac{1}{4}$ kg.

a) Work out the total weight of the tins of beans, sweetcorn and soup.

$1\frac{1}{3}$ kg

b) How much do the tins of tomatoes weigh?

$\frac{2}{3}$ kg

5 Complete the addition pyramids.

a)

	2	
	$\frac{7}{6}$	$\frac{5}{6}$
$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$

b)

	$1\frac{2}{3}$	
$\frac{5}{6}$		$\frac{5}{6}$
$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{2}{3}$

c)

	$\frac{9}{10}$	
$\frac{2}{5}$		$\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{3}{10}$

6 What could the three missing numerators be?

$$\frac{\square}{4} + \frac{\square}{12} + \frac{\square}{3} = \frac{13}{12}$$

Give three different possibilities.

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{6}{12} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{13}{12}$$

$$\frac{2}{4} + \frac{3}{12} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{13}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{12} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{13}{12}$$

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Add mixed numbers

1 Teddy and Mo are adding mixed numbers.

Teddy

$3\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{5}{8} = 5 + \frac{7}{8} = 5\frac{7}{8}$

$3\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{5}{8} = \frac{26}{8} + \frac{21}{8} = \frac{47}{8} = 5\frac{7}{8}$

Mo

Whose method do you prefer? _____

Talk about it with a partner.

2 Complete the calculations.

a) $1\frac{2}{5} + 2\frac{3}{10} =$ ☐

b) $2\frac{2}{5} + 2\frac{3}{10} =$ ☐

c) $1\frac{3}{4} + 3\frac{3}{20} =$ ☐

d) $1\frac{3}{16} + 4\frac{3}{4} =$ ☐

e) $4\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{11}{16} =$ ☐

f) $1\frac{4}{15} + 3\frac{2}{3} =$ ☐

3

$2\frac{3}{5} + 1\frac{7}{10} = 3 + \frac{13}{10} = 3\frac{13}{10}$

How can Ron improve his answer?

_____

_____

4 Complete the additions.

a) $2\frac{3}{4} + 3\frac{5}{12} =$ ☐

b) $3\frac{2}{3} + 2\frac{7}{12} =$ ☐

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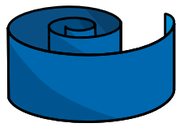
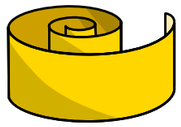
c) $5\frac{1}{6} + 3\frac{11}{12} =$ ☐

d) $6\frac{7}{15} + 3\frac{3}{5} =$ ☐

5 A blue ribbon is $2\frac{4}{9}$ metres long.



A yellow ribbon is $3\frac{2}{3}$ metres long.

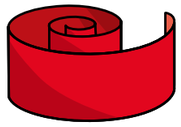


a) What is the total length of the blue and yellow ribbon?

☐ m

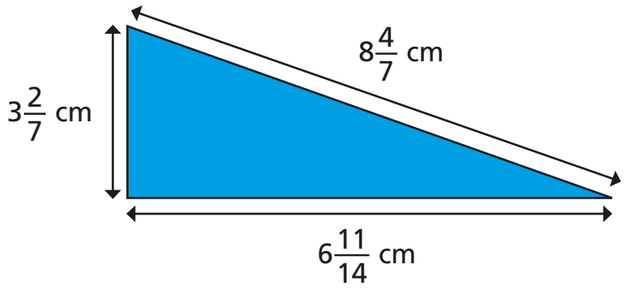
b) A red ribbon is $1\frac{5}{18}$ metres longer than the yellow ribbon.

How long is the red ribbon?



☐ m

6 Calculate the perimeter of the triangle.



☐ cm

7 Complete the calculation in three different ways.

☐ $\frac{\square}{5}$ + ☐ $\frac{\square}{15}$ = $6 + \frac{11}{15}$ = ☐

☐ $\frac{\square}{5}$ + ☐ $\frac{\square}{15}$ = $6 + \frac{11}{15}$ = ☐

☐ $\frac{\square}{5}$ + ☐ $\frac{\square}{15}$ = $6 + \frac{11}{15}$ = ☐

Compare answers with a partner.

8 Here are some number cards.

$3\frac{1}{6}$	$2\frac{11}{12}$	$2\frac{5}{6}$	$3\frac{5}{6}$	$4\frac{1}{12}$	$4\frac{1}{3}$

a) What is the greatest total you can make with two cards?

☐

b) What is the smallest total you can make with two cards?

☐

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Add mixed numbers

1 Teddy and Mo are adding mixed numbers.

Teddy

$3\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{5}{8} = 5 + \frac{7}{8} = 5\frac{7}{8}$

$3\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{5}{8} = \frac{26}{8} + \frac{21}{8} = \frac{47}{8} = 5\frac{7}{8}$

Mo

Whose method do you prefer? various

Talk about it with a partner.

2 Complete the calculations.

a) $1\frac{2}{5} + 2\frac{3}{10} =$ $3\frac{7}{10}$

b) $2\frac{2}{5} + 2\frac{3}{10} =$ $4\frac{7}{10}$

c) $1\frac{3}{4} + 3\frac{3}{20} =$ $4\frac{9}{10}$

d) $1\frac{3}{16} + 4\frac{3}{4} =$ $5\frac{15}{16}$

e) $4\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{11}{16} =$ $6\frac{15}{16}$

f) $1\frac{4}{15} + 3\frac{2}{3} =$ $4\frac{14}{15}$

3

$2\frac{3}{5} + 1\frac{7}{10} = 3 + \frac{13}{10} = 3\frac{13}{10}$

How can Ron improve his answer?

$\frac{13}{10} = 1\frac{3}{10}$ so $3\frac{13}{10} = 4\frac{3}{10}$

4 Complete the additions.

a) $2\frac{3}{4} + 3\frac{5}{12} =$ $6\frac{1}{6}$

b) $3\frac{2}{3} + 2\frac{7}{12} =$ $6\frac{1}{4}$

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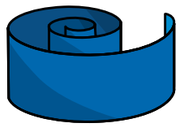
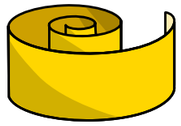
c) $5\frac{1}{6} + 3\frac{11}{12} =$ $9\frac{1}{12}$

d) $6\frac{7}{15} + 3\frac{3}{5} =$ $10\frac{1}{15}$

5 A blue ribbon is $2\frac{4}{9}$ metres long.



A yellow ribbon is $3\frac{2}{3}$ metres long.

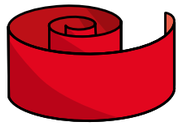


a) What is the total length of the blue and yellow ribbon?

$6\frac{1}{9}$ m

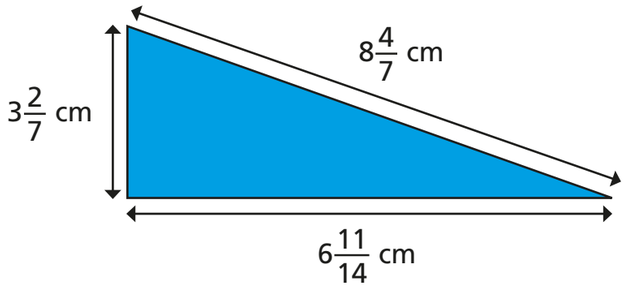
b) A red ribbon is $1\frac{5}{18}$ metres longer than the yellow ribbon.

How long is the red ribbon?



$4\frac{17}{18}$ m

6 Calculate the perimeter of the triangle.



$18\frac{9}{14}$ cm

7 Complete the calculation in three different ways.

e.g.

$1\ \frac{1}{5} + 5\ \frac{8}{15} = 6 + \frac{11}{15} = 6\frac{11}{15}$

$3\ \frac{2}{5} + 3\ \frac{5}{15} = 6 + \frac{11}{15} = 6\frac{11}{15}$

$1\ \frac{4}{5} + 4\ \frac{14}{15} = 6 + \frac{11}{15} = 6\frac{11}{15}$

Compare answers with a partner.

8 Here are some number cards.

$3\frac{1}{6}$	$2\frac{11}{12}$	$2\frac{5}{6}$	$3\frac{5}{6}$	$4\frac{1}{12}$	$4\frac{1}{3}$

a) What is the greatest total you can make with two cards?

$8\frac{5}{12}$

b) What is the smallest total you can make with two cards?

$5\frac{3}{4}$

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Subtract fractions

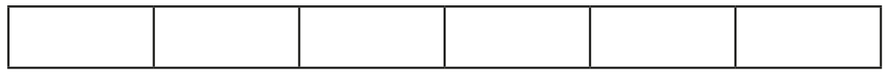
1 Complete the subtractions.

Use the bar models to help you.

a)

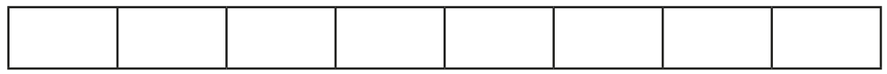
$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{2} = \square$

b)



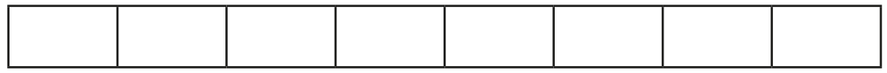
$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{3} = \square$

c)



$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{4} = \square$

d)



$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{8} = \square$

2 Match the equivalent calculations.

$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{3}{20}$	$\frac{10}{20} - \frac{3}{20}$
$\frac{4}{5} - \frac{3}{20}$	$\frac{16}{20} - \frac{3}{20}$
$\frac{7}{10} - \frac{3}{20}$	$\frac{15}{20} - \frac{3}{20}$
$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{20}$	$\frac{14}{20} - \frac{3}{20}$

3 Jack walks $\frac{7}{9}$ km to school.

Aisha walks $\frac{2}{3}$ km to school.

How much further does Jack walk than Aisha?

Jack walks $\square$ km further than Aisha.

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4 Complete the subtractions.

a) $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{1}{16} = \square$

$\frac{5}{8} - \frac{1}{16} = \square$

$\frac{3}{8} - \frac{1}{16} = \square$

$\frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{16} = \square$

b) $\frac{6}{7} - \frac{2}{21} = \square$

$\frac{5}{7} - \frac{4}{21} = \square$

$\frac{4}{7} - \frac{6}{21} = \square$

$\frac{3}{7} - \frac{8}{21} = \square$

What do you notice?

5 On Saturday, Alex cycles for $\frac{2}{3}$ of an hour.

On Sunday, she cycles for $\frac{5}{12}$ of an hour.

a) How many more hours does Alex cycle on Saturday than Sunday?

$\square$ of an hour

b) How many more minutes does Alex cycle on Saturday than Sunday?

$\square$ minutes

6 Here are some fraction cards.

$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{5}{6}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{11}{12}$	$\frac{3}{4}$

a) Which two fractions have a difference of $\frac{1}{4}$?

$\square - \square = \frac{1}{4}$

b) Which two fractions have a difference of $\frac{1}{2}$?

$\square - \square = \frac{1}{2}$

c) Which two fractions have a difference of $\frac{1}{12}$?

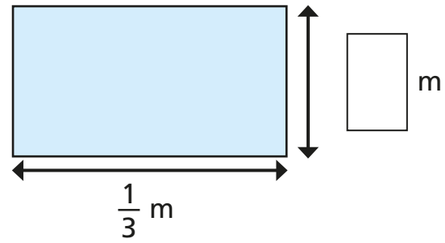
Give two possible pairs.

$\square - \square = \frac{1}{12}$

$\square - \square = \frac{1}{12}$

7 The perimeter of the rectangle is $\frac{14}{15}$ m.

Work out the missing length.



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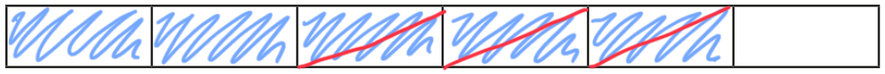
Subtract fractions

1 Complete the subtractions.

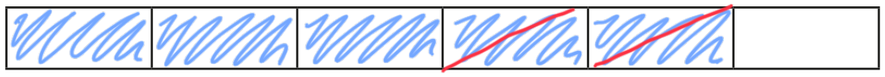
Use the bar models to help you.

a)



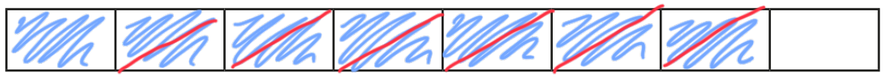
$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{\frac{1}{3}}$

b)



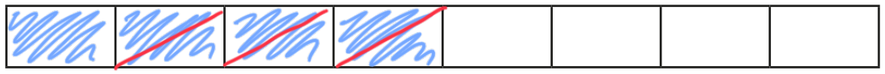
$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{3} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$

c)



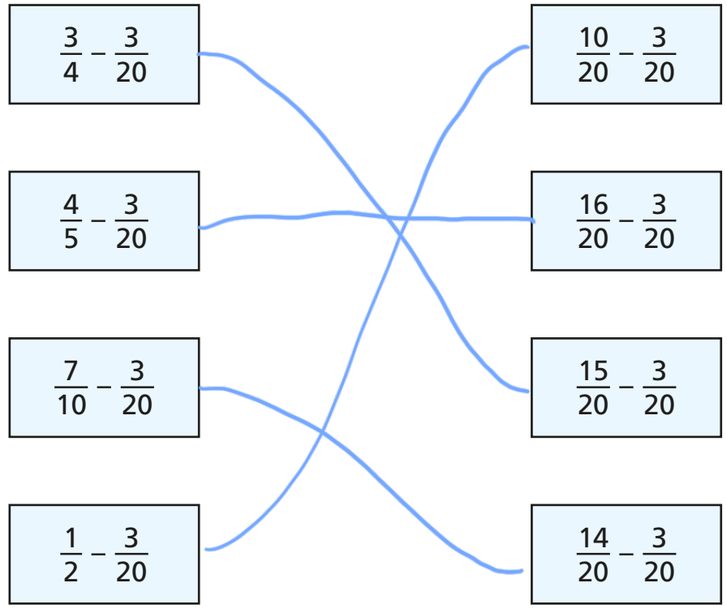
$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{4} = \boxed{\frac{1}{8}}$

d)



$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{8} = \boxed{\frac{1}{8}}$

2 Match the equivalent calculations.



3 Jack walks $\frac{7}{9}$ km to school.

Aisha walks $\frac{2}{3}$ km to school.

How much further does Jack walk than Aisha?

Jack walks $\boxed{\frac{1}{9}}$ km further than Aisha.

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4 Complete the subtractions.

a) $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{1}{16} = \boxed{\frac{13}{16}}$

$\frac{5}{8} - \frac{1}{16} = \boxed{\frac{9}{16}}$

$\frac{3}{8} - \frac{1}{16} = \boxed{\frac{5}{16}}$

$\frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{16} = \boxed{\frac{1}{16}}$

b) $\frac{6}{7} - \frac{2}{21} = \boxed{\frac{16}{21}}$

$\frac{5}{7} - \frac{4}{21} = \boxed{\frac{11}{21}}$

$\frac{4}{7} - \frac{6}{21} = \boxed{\frac{6}{21}}$

$\frac{3}{7} - \frac{8}{21} = \boxed{\frac{1}{21}}$

What do you notice?

5 On Saturday, Alex cycles for $\frac{2}{3}$ of an hour.

On Sunday, she cycles for $\frac{5}{12}$ of an hour.

a) How many more hours does Alex cycle on Saturday than Sunday?

$\boxed{\frac{1}{4}}$ of an hour

b) How many more minutes does Alex cycle on Saturday than Sunday?

$\boxed{15}$ minutes

6 Here are some fraction cards.

$\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{11}{12}$ $\frac{3}{4}$

a) Which two fractions have a difference of $\frac{1}{4}$?

$\boxed{\frac{3}{4}} - \boxed{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{4}$

b) Which two fractions have a difference of $\frac{1}{2}$?

$\boxed{\frac{5}{6}} - \boxed{\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{1}{2}$

c) Which two fractions have a difference of $\frac{1}{12}$?

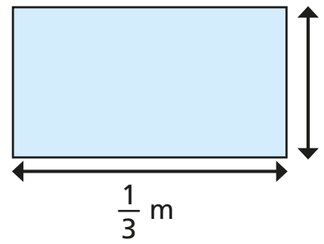
Give two possible pairs.

$\boxed{\frac{11}{12}} - \boxed{\frac{5}{6}} = \frac{1}{12}$

$\boxed{\frac{5}{6}} - \boxed{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{1}{12}$

7 The perimeter of the rectangle is $\frac{14}{15}$ m.

Work out the missing length.



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